

2025年度 大阪府

数学

A問題

km km



1.

$$(1) \text{ 与式} = 6 + 7 \\ = \underline{\underline{13}}$$

$$(2) \text{ 与式} = \frac{9}{2} \times \left(-\frac{4}{9} \right) \\ = \underline{\underline{-2}}$$

$$(3) \text{ 与式} = 5 \times 9 \\ = \underline{\underline{45}}$$

$$(4) \text{ 与式} = 2x + 2y + x - 13y \\ = \underline{\underline{3x - 11y}}$$

$$(5) \text{ 与式} = \underline{\underline{28x^3}}$$

$$(6) \text{ 与式} = 5\sqrt{5} - 2\sqrt{5} \\ = \underline{\underline{3\sqrt{5}}}$$

2.

$$(1) 6a + 5 \quad | = a = 4 \text{ 代入} \\ 6 \times 4 + 5 = 24 + 5 \\ = \underline{\underline{29}}$$

(2)

$$\begin{array}{l} \text{7} : \text{有理数} \\ \text{1} : \text{無理数} \end{array} \quad ; \quad \begin{array}{l} \text{9} : \text{有理数} \\ \text{工} : \sqrt{9} = 3 \text{ 且) 有理数} \end{array}$$

$$(3) x : 8 = 5 : 4$$
$$\Leftrightarrow 4x = 40 \quad \therefore \underline{\underline{x = 10}}$$

(4) 甲: $y = 100x$ 且) 比例

乙: $y = 30 - x \Leftrightarrow y = -x + 30$ 且) 一次関数(比例)

◎ 丙: $y = \frac{1500}{x}$ 且) 逆比例

丁: $y = \frac{1}{5}x$ 且) 比例

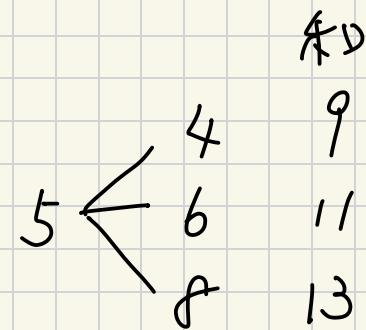
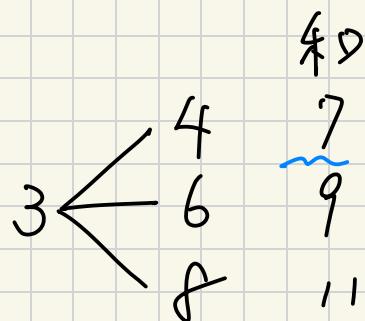
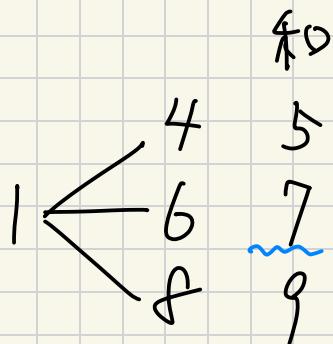
(5) 範囲 = 最大値 - 最小値
= 15 - 3
= 12 單

$$(6) \begin{array}{l} 2x + 3y = 11 \quad \text{--- ①} \\ + \underline{1x - 3y = 10} \quad \text{--- ②} \\ 3x = 21 \\ \therefore x = 7 \end{array}$$

$$x = 7 \text{ 代入 ②} \Leftrightarrow 7 - 3y = 10 \Leftrightarrow -3y = 3 \quad \therefore y = -1$$

∴ 甲, 乙. $x = 7, y = -1$

(7) 種子円 (はしもと) (はしもと)



カードの引き方 (はしもと). そのうち 5 和 9 が 7 をたまのは 2 通り). 5, 7 を求めると確率 (は

$$\frac{2}{9}$$

$$(f) x^2 - 8x + 12 = 0$$

$$\Leftrightarrow (x-2)(x-6) = 0$$

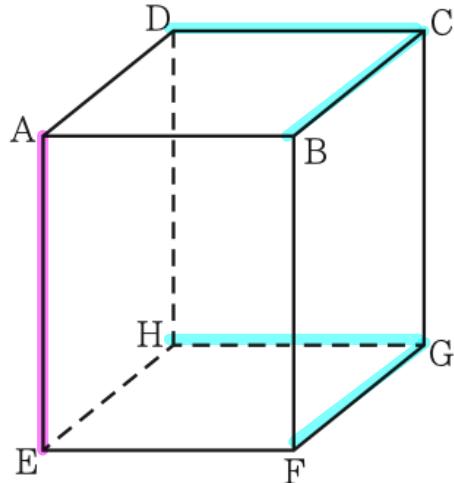
$$\therefore x = 2, 6$$

(9) A は $y = ax^2$ 上にあ) $x = 5$, $y = 7$ となる

$$7 = a \times 5^2 \Leftrightarrow 25a = 7 \therefore a = \frac{7}{25}$$

(10)

①



ねじ軸の位置

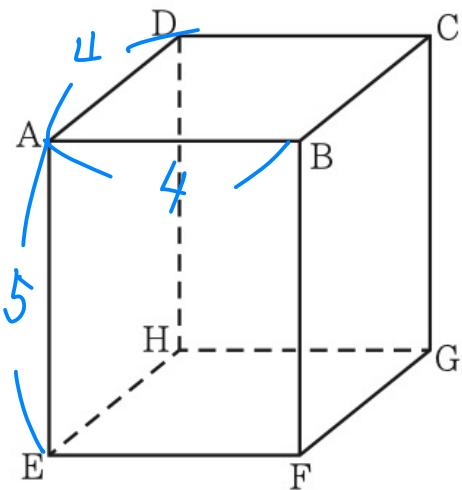
→ 交わらない. 平行では

∴ 辺 BC, 辺 CD,

辺 FG, 辺 HG

工

(2)



表面積

$$= \underline{4 \times 5 \times 2} + \underline{4 \times 5 + 2}$$

□AEHD

□ABFE

□BFGC

□DHGC

$$+ \underline{4 \times 4 \times 2} = 40 + 40 + 32$$

□ABCD

$$= \underline{112 \text{ cm}^2}$$

□EFGH

3

(1)

| | | | | | | |
|-----|------|------|------|------|------|------|
| x | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 |
| y | 140 | 260 | 380 | 500 | 620 | 740 |
| | +120 | +120 | +120 | +120 | +120 | +120 |

∴ 7. (1) : 380 . (1) : 740

(2) $y = ax + b$ とおくと $(2, 140), (3, 260)$ を
直線に代入

$$140 = 2a + b \quad \text{--- ①}$$

$$- \underline{260 = 3a + b} \quad \text{--- ②}$$

$$-120 = -a \quad \therefore a = 120$$

$a = 120$ で ① に代入

$$140 = 2 \times 120 + b$$

$$\therefore b = 140 - 240 \\ = -100$$

∴ 7. $y = 120x - 100$

$$(3) \quad y = 120x - 100 \quad | \quad y = 1580 \text{ 代入} \quad | \quad 2$$

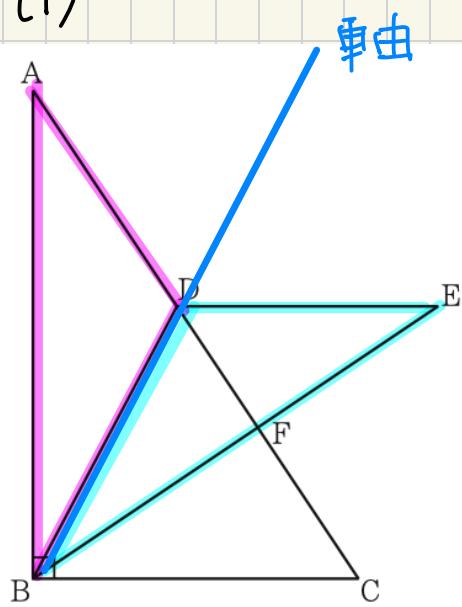
$$1580 = 120x - 100$$

$$\Leftrightarrow 120x = 1680$$

$$\underline{\underline{x = 14}}$$

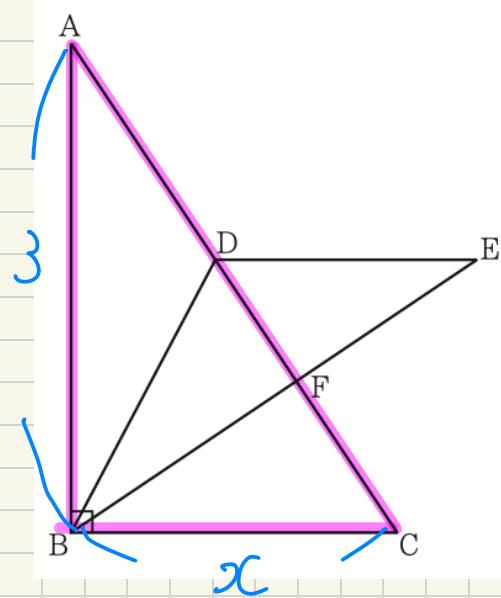
4

(1)



左図(1)直線 DB に

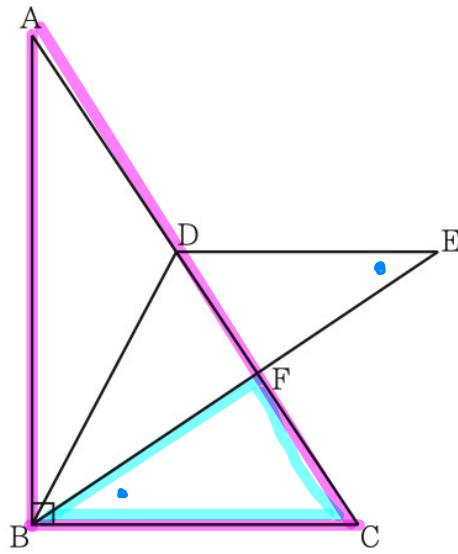
(2)



$$\triangle ABC = \frac{1}{2} \times x \times 3$$

$$= \underline{\underline{\frac{3}{2}x \text{ cm}^2}}$$

(3)



$\triangle ABC \sim \triangle BFC$ において.

$$\angle ACB = \angle BCF \text{ (共通)} \quad \text{--- ④}$$

$$\angle ADB = \angle EDB \text{ だから}$$

$$\angle CAB = \angle DEB \quad \text{--- ⑤}$$

$DE \parallel BC$ である平行線の錯角は
等しいから

$$\angle CBF = \angle DEB \quad \text{--- ⑥}$$

④, ⑤, ⑥

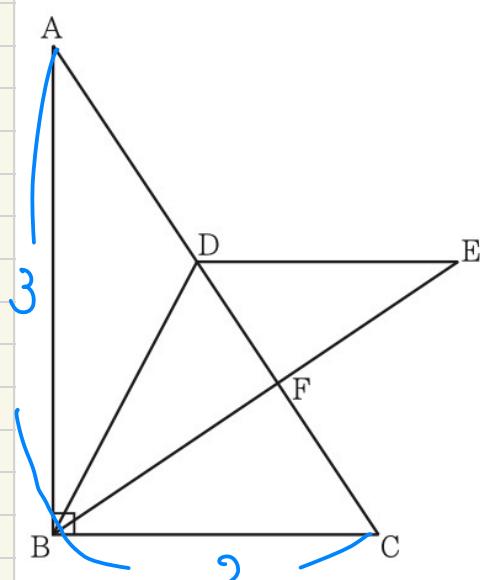
$$\angle CAB = \angle CBF \quad \text{--- ⑦}$$

④, ⑤, ⑥

2組の角
やくのくを等しいから

$$\triangle ABC \sim \triangle BFC \quad (\text{証明終り})$$

(4)



$\triangle ABC$ で 3 平方の定理

$$AC = \sqrt{3^2 + 2^2} \rightarrow \sqrt{9+4} = \sqrt{13}$$

②) ⑦) $\triangle ABC \sim \triangle BFC$ だから

$$\frac{AB}{BF} = \frac{AC}{BC} \quad \text{--- ⑧}$$

$$\Leftrightarrow \sqrt{13} \cdot BF = 6$$

$$\therefore BF = \frac{6}{\sqrt{13}} = \frac{6}{\sqrt{13}} \times \frac{\sqrt{13}}{\sqrt{13}} = \frac{6\sqrt{13}}{13} \text{ cm}$$